www.innocyto.com.cn

InnoCyto Inc.

15375 Barranca Pkwy, Suite I-103
Irvine, CA 92618
Email: info@innocyto.com
Phone: 1-949-418-7543

InnoSite™ FITC Anti-human CD49d Antibody

Catalog Number:	181005, 181006
Size:	25 tests, 100 tests
Target Name:	CD49d, VLA-4 α, Integrin α4, ITGA4
Regulatory Status:	RUO

PRODUCT DETAILS

Clone:	049dCB
Application:	Flow Cytometry
Reactivity:	Human
Format:	FITC
Isotype:	Rabbit IgG
Antibody Type:	Monoclonal
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) BSA
Protein Concentration:	Supplied at a lot-specific concentration.
Storage & Handling:	The antibody solution should be stored undiluted between 2°C and 8°C, and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.
Recommended Usage:	For flow cytometric staining, it is recommended to use 5 µL of this reagent per 0.5-1.0 million cells in a 100 µL volume. Optimal reagent performance should be determined by titration for each specific application. FITC has an excitation max at 493 nm and an emission max at 525 nm.
Excitation Laser:	Blue Laser (488 nm)
Isotype Control:	380001
Brand:	InnoSite™

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

CD49d, also known as integrin α4, is a cell surface adhesion molecule expressed on leukocytes including lymphocytes, monocytes, and eosinophils. It plays a central role in immune cell trafficking by mediating adhesion to vascular endothelium and facilitating transmigration into tissues during immune surveillance and inflammation. CD49d pairs with β1 (CD29) or β7 integrins to form the heterodimers α4β1 (VLA-4) and α4β7, each with distinct tissue-homing functions.

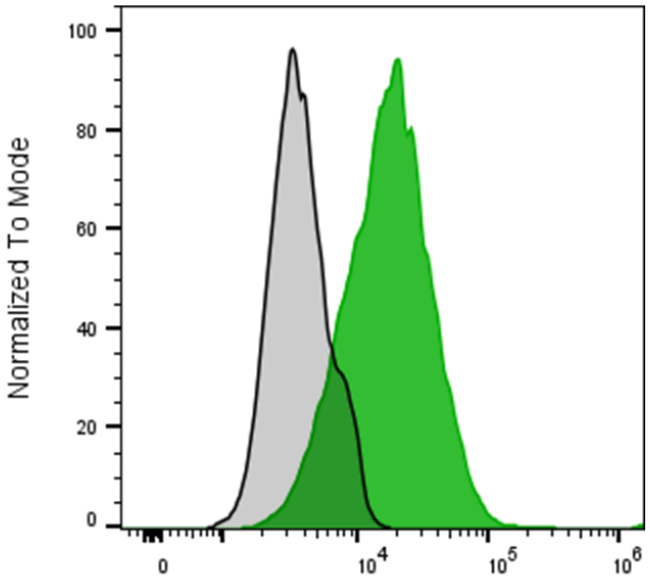
Structurally, CD49d is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein with a large extracellular domain responsible for ligand binding, a single-pass transmembrane region, and short cytoplasmic tail that links to intracellular signaling and cytoskeletal machinery. Its principal ligands include VCAM-1 (vascular cell adhesion molecule-1) and fibronectin for α4β1, and MAdCAM-1 (mucosal addressin cell adhesion molecule-1) for α4β7, enabling tissue-specific adhesion and migration.

In disease, CD49d contributes to chronic inflammation and autoimmune disorders such as multiple sclerosis and inflammatory

bowel disease by promoting leukocyte infiltration into target tissues. It is also implicated in cancer, particularly in leukemias, where high CD49d expression correlates with enhanced survival and poor prognosis.

Therapeutically, CD49d is a validated target. Monoclonal antibodies such as natalizumab block α4 integrins to reduce immune cell migration, providing clinical benefit in multiple sclerosis and Crohn's disease. Ongoing strategies aim to refine targeting while minimizing immunosuppression-related risks.

PRODUCT DATA



Human Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cells were stained with FITC Anti-Human CD49d clone 049dCB (color-filled histogram) or an isotype control (gray histogram).

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